

that he had had no inkling of the attitude which the United States would take toward the Genoa conference.

The United States will be invited to the Genoa meeting, the cable said. But America's attitude is another thing. I wish I knew what it will be."

Lord Riddell, who had been in the United States, said that the British had been advised that the United States was going to do. An answer in the negative drew a broad smile from Lloyd George, who raised his hands in the air with a French shrug of bewilderment.

Peace was to be the first subject on the Genoa agenda, Lloyd George said, because "it will be impossible to have economic reconstruction in Europe or anywhere else unless peace is established."

Lloyd George said that the Anglo-French pact did not interfere with the terms of the Treaty of Versailles. In response to questions of why Italy was invited to the conference, the Anglo-French pact, the British Premier called attention to the contents of his note to Italy, and explained that Italy was not exposed to attacks from Germany as France is. Italy has the Alps for a barrier, he added.

As far as Belgium was concerned, Lloyd George said, separate arrangements had already been discussed and practically agreed upon.

Reparations Up to France

On the question of German reparations, he said that the final solution now depended upon the new head of the French government. The matter is being held in abeyance until the new head of the French cabinet is known, he added, and means that the British are keeping an open mind. It was suggested later that, in view of Poincare's well-known attitude of opposition to the reparations question, Lloyd George's attitude might be the directive of a new reparations agreement at another meeting of the Supreme Council before the Genoa session.

Premier Lloyd George, referring to the question of submarines and their use in future warfare, dismissed the subject as a purely technical matter. He said that the British were keeping an open mind, it was suggested later that, in view of Poincare's well-known attitude of opposition to the reparations question, Lloyd George's attitude might be the directive of a new reparations agreement at another meeting of the Supreme Council before the Genoa session.

Premier Lloyd George and Theodor, of Belgium, who had been in the United States, said that the British had been advised that the United States was going to do. An answer in the negative drew a broad smile from Lloyd George, who raised his hands in the air with a French shrug of bewilderment.

West Against 4-Power Treaty, Johnson Asserts

Statement on Return to Washington Taken as Indication He Will Fight Pact

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—On returning to Washington from the Pacific Coast today, Senator Hiram Johnson, in response to questions as to the sentiment on the Coast regarding the four-power treaty, made a statement which is generally taken to mean that he intends to fight the ratification of the treaty in the Senate.

Johnson declared that the great mass of the people wanted to keep out of "a little league" just as they voted to keep out of the big one.

Visiting Writers' Gifts Presented by Balfour

Conference Correspondents Declare Appreciation of American Journalistic Courtesy

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Before a large gathering of newspaper men from all parts of the world who are reporting the Washington conference, Robert Barry, chairman of the standing committee of Washington correspondents, and James Pringle and William Donaldson, custodians of the Senate and House of Representatives press galleries, received to night at the hands of Arthur J. Balfour, head of the British delegation, substantial marks of the appreciation of the foreign correspondents in the shape of a clock and other gifts.

Balfour, chairman of the Foreign Correspondents' Association, made an address, in which he spoke of the mutual helpfulness of the press of the countries represented in the conference and the arrangements which had been made for their comfort and convenience.

Mr. Balfour, in making the presentation, said he had had occasion to observe the activities of the press and his colleagues, and he was filled with praise for the organization they had built up for the conference, better, he added, than any at other conferences he had attended. The press, he said, had done a great work in reporting the conference.

Mr. Barry then spoke briefly, as did Edwin M. Hood, of The Associated Press, the senior American correspondent present.

Independent White Russian Republic Planned in Far East

RIGA, Jan. 13.—According to dispatches received here from Kovno, Lithuania, negotiations have commenced between General Ostrovsky, representative of the Russian Democratic party, and Russian and American officials, with the object of forming an independent White Russian Republic, modeled along the lines of the Chita Republic.

The capital of the new republic would be Minsk.

Grs. Carl Harbaugh, of N. Y., Killed in Coasting Accident

BALTIMORE, Jan. 13.—Mrs. Frances Lawson Harbaugh, wife of Carl Lee Harbaugh, of New York, managing editor of the Film Corporation, was instantly killed, and Mrs. Harbaugh, of 820 Niagara Street, Buffalo, N. Y., was seriously injured in a coasting accident here last night.

Allies in Berlin Believe Briand Will Come Back

Hold Resignation Was Planned by French and British Premiers to Prove His Policies Are Correct

Expect Home Foes to Fail

Believe Genoa Meeting Will Be Held; Germans Think Moratorium Will Stand

By Joseph Shaplen

BERLIN, Jan. 13.—Although the resignation of Premier Briand was regarded by German government officials as not unexpected, in certain Allied circles here today belief was expressed that Briand would return to power in France within a short time, certainly some time in March, either immediately before or after the convocation of the Genoa economic conference.

Expect Genoa Parley To Be Held

In Berlin it is not believed that the plans for the Genoa conference will be shattered by the latest developments in Paris. On the contrary, it is believed that preparations for the meeting will proceed without interruption.

As the time for the Genoa conference is drawing nearer, the belief here is that Briand will be asked to return to power. The French Premier's resignation was deliberately staged by Lloyd George and Briand in order to force the hands of Briand's opponents and place the French Premier in a position of strength. It is believed that the French Premier will be asked to return to power in March, either immediately before or after the convocation of the Genoa economic conference.

Withs Foes at Work

The conservative German press does not conceal its satisfaction at Briand's fall and the weakening of the Entente. There is no doubt that the Chancellor will be asked to return to power. The French Premier's resignation was deliberately staged by Lloyd George and Briand in order to force the hands of Briand's opponents and place the French Premier in a position of strength. It is believed that the French Premier will be asked to return to power in March, either immediately before or after the convocation of the Genoa economic conference.

More Conferences Likely

Further conferences are likely in the near future. They have their uses, but I believe it would be better to only summon the Supreme Council after the preparatory work has been completed. The French Premier's resignation was deliberately staged by Lloyd George and Briand in order to force the hands of Briand's opponents and place the French Premier in a position of strength. It is believed that the French Premier will be asked to return to power in March, either immediately before or after the convocation of the Genoa economic conference.

Save the Pact above all

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Save France Wants Freedom to Act

The "Vossische Zeitung" says that the crisis in France was forced by the pressure of the Genoa conference, which impelled Poincare and his followers to smash the probability of Anglo-French cooperation. It says that they want to retain for France independence of action, and that they are not prepared to accept the military force of the conference. The French Premier's resignation was deliberately staged by Lloyd George and Briand in order to force the hands of Briand's opponents and place the French Premier in a position of strength. It is believed that the French Premier will be asked to return to power in March, either immediately before or after the convocation of the Genoa economic conference.

London Press Optimistic Over French Situation

LONDON, Jan. 13.—Puzzled by the whirl of French politics, the British press today held no crystallized opinion of the consequences of Briand's resignation. A feeling that Raymond Poincare will succeed in forming a new cabinet has displaced yesterday's first impression that Briand's action was merely a coup d'etat designed to confound his critics and reconfirm his hold on power. A majority of the newspapers express optimism concerning the continuation of the rapprochement between Great Britain and France. There is a tendency to believe that the hostility toward Briand in the Chamber of Deputies was not really representative of the sentiment of opinion in France.

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with modern conditions, and France is going to plough a very lonely furrow, and a very stiff one to boot."

The other newspapers entertain much the same sentiments, although all of them grant that the French people realize fully what Briand was trying to do for his country. Extracts of recent articles by Poincare, republicans, show his opposition to the Franco-British alliance, and lead to the conclusion that Germany is the principal obstacle to a consummation of the program outlined by Premier Lloyd George in the memorandum he made public at Cannes several days ago. There has been some criticism of the projected treaty here on the ground that it would be a two-power affair rather than a pan-European agreement. This has been offset somewhat by Lloyd George's insistence that before the alliance could be established all questions of European peace must be settled. If rapprochement did not come in this field—which would have been the case—Briand would have been forced to resign. It is on the chance that the new French Premier will be asked to return to power that the alliance is doubtful whether even the ability of Lloyd George could force Parliament to ratify. It is on the chance that the new French Premier will be asked to return to power that the alliance is doubtful whether even the ability of Lloyd George could force Parliament to ratify. It is on the chance that the new French Premier will be asked to return to power that the alliance is doubtful whether even the ability of Lloyd George could force Parliament to ratify.

Poincare Will Meet British in Paris To-day

(Continued from page one)

Parliament circles were in a sober mood today, when the Deputies, after the election of Poincare, Briand's sensational exit, came to realize the seriousness of the situation and manifested evident anxiety to have the English and American press comments trickling in, reflecting on the views, caused palpable worry among the members.

Business circles also manifested uneasiness. While the collection of opinion from the working elements showed strong opposition to M. Poincare, when the Socialist newspapers have been characterizing as the "dangerous" line of the French Premier.

Far Eastern Program Delayed

Moved by pleas of the Chinese, Secretary Hughes and Arthur J. Balfour are said to have made it known unofficially to the Japanese delegates that the Far Eastern part of the conference until the question is settled.

More Conferences Likely

Further conferences are likely in the near future. They have their uses, but I believe it would be better to only summon the Supreme Council after the preparatory work has been completed. The French Premier's resignation was deliberately staged by Lloyd George and Briand in order to force the hands of Briand's opponents and place the French Premier in a position of strength. It is believed that the French Premier will be asked to return to power in March, either immediately before or after the convocation of the Genoa economic conference.

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China to Open Tsingtao Port to All Nations

Under Agreement Reached With Japanese Delegates Equal Trade Opportunities Are Promised at Once

Chinese Regain Kiaochau

Compromise on Shantung Believed Near; Far Eastern Program Awaits Decision

By Thomas Steep

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Under an agreement reached by the Chinese and Japanese delegates in their direct negotiations today, Tsingtao, the port of Shantung, will be opened by China "with equal opportunities to the trade of all nations." Likewise, the district of Kiaochau, formerly held by Germany, will revert to China. The district embraces a zone of thirty-five miles around Kiaochau Bay, on which Tsingtao is located. China thus regains possession of that part of the coast of Shantung taken by Germany in 1918, but which for the last seven years has been held by Japan.

The exact terms used in the agreement on Tsingtao is that it shall be "opened." Dr. Wang Chung-hui explained that it was China's purpose to open the port to all nations, and to the system of about fifty other open ports of which China has control. About fifty others are treaty ports.

Compromise on the whole Shantung controversy now exists to the right. Dr. Wang explained that his delegation has submitted a proposal for a compromise to Peking, and the Japanese delegation announced that it also was ready to accept the compromise. The move toward a compromise, taken after both sides had broken off negotiations when they came to a deadlock over the railway material, was the result of an energetic protest made by the Chinese delegates to the American delegation that great disappointment, with possibly serious results, would be the result of the failure of the Washington conference failed to settle this controversy.

Far Eastern Program Delayed

Moved by pleas of the Chinese, Secretary Hughes and Arthur J. Balfour are said to have made it known unofficially to the Japanese delegates that the Far Eastern part of the conference until the question is settled.

More Conferences Likely

Further conferences are likely in the near future. They have their uses, but I believe it would be better to only summon the Supreme Council after the preparatory work has been completed. The French Premier's resignation was deliberately staged by Lloyd George and Briand in order to force the hands of Briand's opponents and place the French Premier in a position of strength. It is believed that the French Premier will be asked to return to power in March, either immediately before or after the convocation of the Genoa economic conference.

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Poles Suppressed Vote. Lithuanians Protest

League of Nations Plebiscite Ruled by Intimidation; Representative Here Declares

Dr. Julius Haskis, Lithuanian financial representative in New York, with offices at 370 Seventh Avenue, in a statement issued last night explaining the Lithuanian protest of the League of Nations against the Vilna plebiscite last Sunday, charged that the Polish majority in the vote was illegitimate and not representative. The statement said the plebiscite was "a mockery and a travesty," because the Poles had imported voters from Upper Silesia and Galicia to carry the election and had purchased the votes of the Lithuanians, Lithuanians, White Russians, Jews and Germans in the city voted, the statement added, as the supporters of the Lithuanian cause were kept away from the voting places.

"It had been demonstrated weeks in advance the Poles would not permit a free vote," the statement said. "A widespread propaganda was conducted for Poland. The Polish military forces were kept in the city to prevent the Lithuanians from speaking on the part of Lithuanians."

Berlin Granted Qualified Delay On Reparations

(Continued from page one)

The payments have been made this week by deposit of funds at the Reserve Bank by the accredited banking representatives of the Reichsbank, acting upon instructions from that institution. Their total so far has amounted to between \$10,000,000 and \$12,000,000, against the aggregate requirement of \$20,000,000. The account of the bank of Belgium, over the payments in this country, such as expected last May, when the entire installment was made in advance. The Reserve Bank maintained silence of deference to its service merely as agent in the transaction and, moreover, unable specifically to separate the deposits which are made to the account of the several central banks of the Allied nations, from other funds which it receives as their agents.

For Bank of Belgium

In addition to the current payments, are definitely assignable to the January 15 installment, the Reichsbank's correspondents in the United States have since the middle of December been making deposits in varying amounts, the total deposit having been as much as \$2,000,000. The account of the bank of Belgium, over the payments in this country, such as expected last May, when the entire installment was made in advance. The Reserve Bank maintained silence of deference to its service merely as agent in the transaction and, moreover, unable specifically to separate the deposits which are made to the account of the several central banks of the Allied nations, from other funds which it receives as their agents.

Credits for Exports

Steps have been and are being taken, however, to obtain substantial credits to finance the export of raw materials from the United States to Germany, bankers report. One deal for such a loan, for \$50,000,000, was recently near completion. The deal, however, was presented by the terms, which were tentatively approved by German representatives here, but were not satisfactory to the American side. The deal, however, was presented by the terms, which were tentatively approved by German representatives here, but were not satisfactory to the American side.

While this particular deal was called off, bankers close to the situation express the opinion that credits in substantial amounts will be eventually eventuate from current conversations. J. H. Bendis, financial adviser of the German government, is reported to be taking part in the negotiations. This week, He has been in Washington this week to confer with Administration officials on the situation.

Won't Discard Siberian Problem

"So keenly are the Chinese people aroused over these demands that they might even overthrow the present Peking government if our delegation here," said Dr. Wang. He added that the Chinese government is not prepared to accept the demands of the Japanese delegation. The Chinese government is not prepared to accept the demands of the Japanese delegation.

Oregon Government Not Recognized in \$500,000 Suit Against Corporation

SPECIAL CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE

CORPENT, Jan. 13.—The action of a New York court in throwing out Mexican government suits against the Mexican government, because not recognized, had no standing in United States courts, has caused a sensation here.

Council Action On Naval Pact Waits on Japan

Conference Will Approve Limitation as Soon as Pacific Agreement Boundary Lines Are Accepted

Open Meeting Due Soon

Balfour Scouts the Idea of Trouble Over Siberia; Predicts Full Agreement

By Carter Field

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Japanese acceptance of the boundary lines of the area in the Pacific in which there is to be no increase in fortifications and no construction of naval bases is expected within the next day or two, it was learned today. Subject to this possible change, the text of the naval treaty was completed today. Immediately on receipt of that word it is probable that an open session of the Conference for the Limitation of Armament will be called to approve the five-power naval armament limitation pact.

The eastern boundary of this area, it was learned today, is the international date line, which follows approximately the line of the meridian of 180 degrees. The southern boundary is the equator, the northern boundary the latitude of 30 degrees north, and the western boundary the mainland of Asia down to the point where the meridian of 110 degrees leaves the mainland, and then southward to the equator.

L. S. Gives Up Most

The chief point of interest in Washington in this area is not the agreement that the present status quo of fortifications is to remain, but that no naval bases may be built. It is conceded that the nation giving up most in this agreement is the United States.

De Valera Seeks Money Here

The Griffith government hopes next week to be able to settle down seriously to the really tasks confronting it. Preparations for a general election already are under way, and this in itself is a tremendous undertaking, because the Griffith government has made a hard battle of the Irish Republic. The Griffith government has made a hard battle of the Irish Republic.

Irish Quit London Prisons

LONDON, Jan. 13.—(By The Associated Press.) The Irish political prisoners in the Pentonville and Wormwood jails, Brixton, were released this morning, under the amnesty proclamation issued by King George yesterday. Instructions were sent to the provincial jails for similar releases.

Need Not Pay Rent in Advance, Court Rules

The Appellate Division, by a divided vote, decided yesterday that the Standard Oil Company, New York, need not pay rent in advance for the premises it occupies at 12 Broadway, of which Elmer E. Smathers is the owner, but may pay at the end of each quarter.

Landlord Who Sued Standard Oil Co. Is Told

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Part of Her \$3,000,000 Left for Negro Uplift

Mrs. Calista Mayhew Made Liberal Bequests for Charity and Education

Mrs. Calista S. Mayhew, whose will was filed yesterday for probate in Newark, left \$50,000 in bequests and the residue of an estate valued at \$3,000,000 almost entirely to educational enterprises, charitable work and the support of the Negro race.

Wilson Says Senate Lost U. S. World Leadership

Failure to Ratify Versailles Pact Also Denied League Members Justice, He Writes

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—Woodrow Wilson declared in a letter written by him on January 3 to John H. Williams, of San Francisco, and published in "The Bulletin" today, that failure of the Senate to ratify the Treaty of Versailles deprived the United States of the leadership of the world. His letter, in reply to one from Williams saying his work had made possible the Washington conference on limitation of armaments, said:

"You are right in thinking that the United States was entitled to leadership in the League of Nations; indeed, the country associated with us in the war and the many less powerful governments which had benefited by the results of the war, had already accorded us leadership, and the pity of the failure of the Senate to ratify the Treaty of Versailles was not only that the nations who took part in the framing of the treaty were denied by our act the justice they sought to secure by its terms, but that the United States was deprived of the leadership of the world."

Irish Ratify Pact To-day; Defy Boycott

(Continued from page one)

outlook is that nothing can bridge the gulf between the republicans and the pro-treaty group for a long time. A unionist nationalist made up of distinguished members of the working class, both in the north and south, the Free Staters, Griffith, who enjoys the respect of all classes and is regarded as essentially a compromiser, however, the Irish republicans have done much by his recent speeches to create an atmosphere favorable to a united Ireland. The die-hard republicans remain as obstinate as ever, but they determined to stand against the Free State is striving to bring the northern and southern majorities together.

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Senator Asks Data Explaining Deficits Abroad

McCormick to Oppose American Representation at Genoa Unless Europe Cuts Down Armaments

Has a Resolution Ready

Others With Him in Stand Against Aid for Nations Not Helping Themselves

From The Tribune's Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Senator McCormick, of Illinois, member of the Foreign Relations Committee, will introduce in the Senate next week a resolution calling on the Secretary of State for a statement of the revenues, expenditures and deficits of the various European powers, the annual cost of land armaments, the interest on loans by the United States and other information.

Senator McCormick indicated today that he was opposed to the United States sending a representative to the Genoa economic conference if the United States was expected to help financially in the rehabilitation of Europe when Europe would not cut down land armaments and take steps to help rehabilitate itself.

The view of Senator McCormick is that the United States should not be asked to help financially in the rehabilitation of Europe when Europe would not cut down land armaments and take steps to help rehabilitate itself.

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Better to Stimulate Efforts

MOSCOW, Jan. 13.—In an effort to get more efficient work from scientists and professors, the government has placed 7,000 men of this country in Moscow upon full government rations, and the ration given by the Communist government in this step was to overcome sabotage among these men and to inspire work which it is hoped would be a betterment of the economic situation.